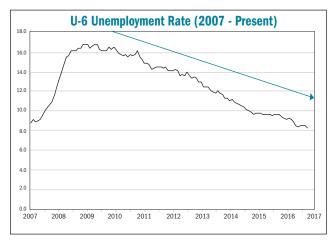
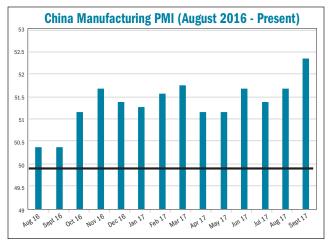
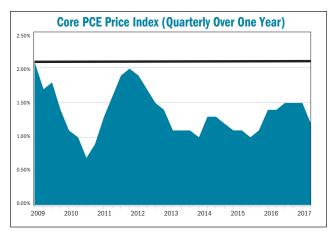
INTELLIGENCE REPORT. Economic Analysis — REPORT —



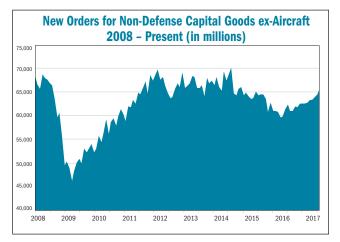
U-6 unemployment continues to grind relentlessly lower, as the U.S. economy is at full employment, and that will put pressure on inflation. It also will put pressure on the Fed to raise rates.



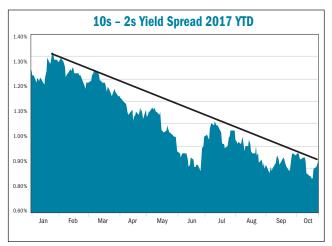
The uptick in growth is global, as Chinese economic activity is accelerating, which also is a positive for global stocks.



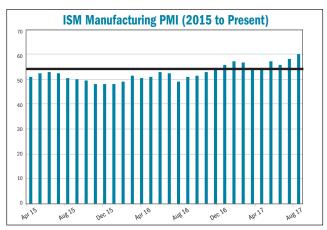
The missing piece of this "economic reflation" remains an increase in inflation metrics. However, if inflation does start to accelerate, bond yields will rise... and quickly.



New Orders for Non-Defense Capital Goods ex-Aircraft is the best measure of business spending, and the trend there is higher, which is positive for the U.S. economy.



After hitting fresh 2017 lows, the yield curve has started to steepen, and that needs to continue if we are going to see materially higher stock prices.



The ISM Manufacturing PMI shows that economic data in the United States is accelerating, and that is a tailwind pushing equity prices higher.

Data and chart analysis provided by Sevens Report Research, www.sevensreport.com.

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Bonds are at a potential tipping point, and the 2017 uptrend appears to have been broken, as global central banks go from incrementally adding accommodation to incrementally removing it.



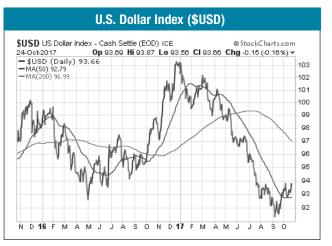
Despite domestic political noise on tax cuts, high valuations and the risk of an overdue correction, the trend in U.S. stocks remains definitively higher.



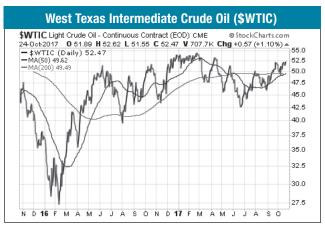
Despite the geopolitical noise, the simple fact is that the trend in global stocks is higher, as global equities recently have hit fresh highs.



This is a dangerous time for gold as the dollar potentially is entering an uptrend. If we don't see an uptick in inflation, a move lower in gold potentially to support levels around \$1,200 is likely.



An important trend change has occurred in the greenback, and if the Dollar Index can hold 94.10, the trend will be decidedly higher. As long as economic growth continues to accelerate, the stronger dollar shouldn't hurt U.S. stocks. However, this is a potential headwind to watch.



Oil prices are at six-month highs, reflecting an uptick in demand. This also should be read as a macroeconomic positive.